



Beitrag ID: 18

Typ: Invited talk

Structure of industrially relevant sp² carbon using wide Q-range neutron total scattering: From bitumen to batteries via benzene

Dienstag, 8. Oktober 2024 14:00 (30 Minuten)

Beyond crystalline graphite, planar sp² hybridized carbon can make a wide array of different structures and therefore materials: From geologically formed asphaltenes, to new synthetic materials such as carbon nanotubes. Many of these materials are non-crystalline, making non-ambiguous structural determinations is therefore difficult. In this talk we will outline the combined use of wide Q-range total scattering, H/D isotopic substitution and classical molecular simulation to make progress in characterizing the structure in these industrially relevant materials.

We have studied the simplest sp² carbon molecular liquids, the aromatics such as benzene, using Empirical Potential Structure Refinement (EPSR) methods. This reveals a complex mixture of local structures resulting from a delicate balance of different intermolecular interactions, rather than just archetypal pi-pi stacking [1]. We have pushed this approach to larger lengthscales using data from the NIMROD instrument at ISIS, with a simultaneous Q-range of 0.02-50Å⁻¹, allowing us to study the complex solvation structure of carbon nanotubes in amide solvents [2]. A molecular dynamics simulation-based approach has been extended to a considerably more complex set of aromatics, the asphaltenes, a heavy component of crude oil and bitumen, with a propensity to precipitate in oil recovery and refining. Simulations show a close match to the neutron scattering data, apart from at the lowest Q-range explored by NIMROD, due to the limited simulation size [3]. Finally, we will present recent operando studies of hard-carbon battery anodes on NIMROD. These promising materials comprise disordered nano-graphic domains allowing sodiation within the graphitic regions and nano-pores. The wide simultaneous Q-range of NIMROD affords a unique view of subtle changes at the atomistic and pore-scale during charge and discharge.

[1] T. F. Headen et al, JACS, 132, 5735 (2010). T. F. Headen et al, PCCP, 20, 2704 (2018)

[2] C. Di Mino et al, ChemArXiv 2023, doi:10.26434/chemrxiv-2023-pmkhn

[3] T. F. Headen, M. P. Hoepfner, Energy & Fuels, 33, 3795 (2019)

Hauptautor: HEADEN, Tom (ISIS - STFC)

Co-Autoren: Dr. CLANCY, Adam (UCL); SHAH, Ami (UCL); Dr. DI MINO, Camilla (UCL); Prof. HOWARD, Chris (UCL); Prof. HOEPFNER, Michael (University of Utah); Prof. SKIPPER, Neal (UCL); Dr. CULLEN, Patrick (QMUL); SHUTT, Rebecca (UCL)

Vortragende(r): HEADEN, Tom (ISIS - STFC)

Sitzung Einordnung: Industrial applications & Emulsions

Track Klassifizierung: Industrial applications